



### SAFETY DATA SHEET 2 PK PU HS FINISH BASE

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 453/2010, According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking		
1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	2 PK PU HS FINISH BASE	
Product number	0085 - Non Lead (incl. 585 Line Dacmix)	
Internal identification	Aalso including 6585 (L/F) and 8585 Line Dacmix Reduced Gloss Levels.	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Identified uses	Paint.	
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet		
Supplier	Dacrylate Paints Ltd,	
	Lime Street,	
	Kirkby-in-Ashfield	
	Nottingham NG17 8AL	
	Tel: +44 (0) 1623-753845	
	Fax: +44 (0) 1623-757151	
Contact person	sales@dacrylate.co.uk	
1.4. Emergency telephone nur	nber	
National emergency telephone +44 (0) 1623 753845 08:30-17:00 MON-FRI number		
SECTION 2: Hazards identification		
2.1. Classification of the subst	ance or mixture	
Classification		
Physical hazards	Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	
Health hazards	Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Elicitation (Skin Sens.) Muta. 1A - H340 Carc. 1A - H350	
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412	
Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	Xn;R20/21. R10,R52/53.	
Human health	Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.	
Environmental	This product may cause harm to the environment. See Section 12 Ecological Information.	
Physicochemical		
- Hychoconomical	See Section 7.2 Storage Class. See Section 5.2 Hazardous combustion products. See Section 10: Stability and reactivity	

Pictogram



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H315 Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H340 May cause genetic defects.</li> <li>H350 May cause cancer.</li> <li>H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> <li>EUH208 Contains LIMONENE. May produce an allergic reaction.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.</li> <li>P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin with water/shower.</li> <li>P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.</li> <li>P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.</li> <li>P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish.</li> <li>P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.</li> <li>P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.</li> </ul>
Contains	XYLENE , BUTYL ACETATE -norm, SOLVENT NAPHTHA, PETROLEUM; LIGHT AROMATIC
Supplementary precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P201 Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.</li> <li>P233 Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.</li> <li>P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.</li> <li>P242 Use only non-sparking tools.</li> <li>P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.</li> <li>P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>P273 Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).</li> <li>P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P405 Store locked up.</li> </ul>

### 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2. Mixtures

XYLENE		10-30%
CAS number: 1330-20-7	EC number: 215-535-7	
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) R10 Xn;R20/21 Xi;R38	
BUTYL ACETATE -norm		10-30%
CAS number: 123-86-4	EC number: 204-658-1	
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 STOT SE 3 - H336	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) R10 R66 R67	
2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE		1-5%
CAS number: 112-07-2	EC number: 203-933-3	
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Xn;R20/21	
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL	ACETATE	1-5%
CAS number: 108-65-6	EC number: 203-603-9	
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) R10	
SOLVENT NAPHTHA, PETROLE CAS number: 64742-88-7	UM; LIGHT AROMATIC	1-5%
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Muta. 1A - H340 Carc. 1A - H350 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Xn;R65. Xi;R37. N;R51/53. R10.	
DI-ISOBUTYL KETONE		<1%
CAS number: 108-83-8	EC number: 203-620-1	
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 STOT SE 3 - H335	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) R10 Xi;R37	

CAS number: 78-83-1	EC number: 201-148-0	
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	R10 Xi;R37/38,R41 R67	
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		
Eye Dam. 1 - H318		
STOT SE 3 - H335		
LIMONENE		<1'
CAS number: 138-86-3	EC number: 205-341-0	
M factor (Acute) = 1	M factor (Chronic) = 10	
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	R10 R43 Xi;R38 N;R50/53	
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315	R 10 R43 AI, R30 N, R30/33	
Skin Sens. 1 - H317		
Aquatic Acute 1 - H400		
Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410		
BUTYL GLYCOLATE		<19
CAS number: 7397-62-8		
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	Xi;R41.	
Eye Dam. 1 - H318		
WHITE SPIRIT		<19
CAS number: 64742-88-7	EC number: 265-191-7	
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	Xn;R65. N;R51/53. R10.	
STOT RE 1 - H372		
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		
The Full Text for all R-Phrases and SECTION 4: First aid measures	I Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.	

General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary depending on the concentration and the length of exposure. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
Inhalation	Get medical attention. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention. Symptoms of lung oedema (shortness of breath) may develop up to 24 hours after exposure. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

Ingestion	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of water to drink. DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing. Use barrier creams to prevent skin contact. Remove contaminated clothing and rinse skin thoroughly with water.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists after washing. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
4.2. Most important symptoms	s and effects, both acute and delayed
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. May cause nausea, stomach paint and vomiting.
Skin contact	Skin irritation. May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.
Eye contact	May cause severe eye irritation.
4.3. Indication of any immedia	te medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes for the doctor	No specific recommendation given, but first aid may still be required in case of accidental exposure, inhalation or ingestion of this chemical. If in doubt, GET MEDICAL ATTENTION PROMPTLY! In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
SECTION 5: Firefighting measure	sures
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire. Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising fr	om the substance or mixture
Specific hazards	Vapours are heavier than air and may travel along the floor and accumulate in the bottom of containers. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. If a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the
Hazardous combustion	container may burst with the risk of subsequent explosion. The product is flammable.
products	container may burst with the risk of subsequent explosion. The product is flammable. In case of fire, toxic gases (CO, CO2, NOx) may be formed. Acrid smoke or fumes. Other pyrolysis products typical of burning an organic material. Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the airborne concentration exceeds 10 mg/m3. In the event of a fire and/or explosion, do not breathe fumes.
	In case of fire, toxic gases (CO, CO2, NOx) may be formed. Acrid smoke or fumes. Other pyrolysis products typical of burning an organic material. Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the airborne concentration exceeds 10 mg/m3. In the event of a fire

Special protective equipmentWear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective<br/>clothing.

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Take care as floors and other surfaces may become slippery. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Where anti slip aggregates, powders or similar are added/post added to a paint, the potential for the generation of respirable dust during handling and use can occur. In such cases, occupational exposures to respirable dust should be monitored and controlled. In the case of exposure to prolonged or high levels of air borne dust, wear a personal respirator in compliance with national legislation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage.
For non-emergency personnel	Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear suitable respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering.

# For emergency responders If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. If involved in a fire, shut off flow if it can be done without risk. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Small Spillages: Absorb small quantities with paper towels and evaporate in a safe place. Large Spillages: Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Ensure that waste and contaminated materials are collected and removed from the work area as soon as possible in a suitably labelled container. The accumulation of contaminated rags and application cloths may result in spontaneous combustion. This is particularly important in the case of products containing a high level of drying oils such as teak oil, linseed oil etc. Good housekeeping standards and regular safe removal of waste materials will minimise the risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. See Section 1		
	for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on		
	ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see section 13.		

#### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. All handling should only take place in well-ventilated areas. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented. Dust may form explosive mixture with air. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Storage tanks and other containers must be earthed. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Paints based on pitch, coal tar, high temp (CAS 65996-93-2) may cause sensitivity to sunlight. To reduce sun sensitivity, a sun blocking lotion (SPE 15+) can also be applied prior to application of a protective cream.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash promptly with soap and water if skin becomes contaminated. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Use appropriate hand lotion to prevent defatting and cracking of skin.
7.2. Conditions for safe storag	e, including any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep away from oxidising materials, heat and flames. Paints containing aluminium must not get in contact with water during storage. Exercise caution when opening to allow pressure release. Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Avoid/separate from strong acids, alkalis, oxidising and reducing agents. Observe the label precautions. Store at temperatures between 5°C and 35°C (32 to 95°F).
Storage class	Flammable liquid storage.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2. Restricted to professional users.

#### SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

### **XYLENE**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm(Sk) 220 mg/m3(Sk) Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm(Sk) 441 mg/m3(Sk)

### BUTYL ACETATE -norm

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 150 ppm 724 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 200 ppm 966 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

### 2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 20 ppm(Sk) Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 50 ppm(Sk)

#### 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm(Sk) 274 mg/m3(Sk) Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm(Sk) 548 mg/m3(Sk)

### DI-ISOBUTYL KETONE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 25 ppm 148 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL

#### **ISO-BUTANOL**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 154 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 75 ppm 231 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

### WHITE SPIRIT

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 350 mg/m3(Sk)

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

Ingredient comments

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

### XYLENE (CAS: 1330-20-7)

- Inhalation; Short term : 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

### 8.2. Exposure controls

DNEL

### Protective equipment





Note:	When spraying, the use of a suitable/approved respirator is advised.
Appropriate engineering controls	No specific ventilation requirements noted, but forced ventilation may still be required if air contamination exceeds acceptable level.
Personal protection	Advice on personal protection is applicable for high exposure levels. Select proper personal protection based on a risk assessment of the actual exposure scenario.
Eye/face protection	The following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles. Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374.
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent skin contamination. Use barrier creams to prevent skin contact.
Hygiene measures	Use engineering controls to reduce air contamination to permissible exposure level. Provide eyewash station. Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated.
Respiratory protection	If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.

### SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid.
Colour	Various colours.
Odour	Characteristic/of solvents
Odour threshold	Not determined.
рН	Not relevant.

Melting point	Not determined.
Initial boiling point and range	Not determined.
Flash point	24°C CC (Closed cup).
Evaporation rate	Not determined.
Evaporation factor	Not determined.
Flammability (solid, gas)	No specific test data are available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower flammable/explosive limit: 0.8% Upper flammable/explosive limit: 7.5%
Other flammability	Not known.
Vapour pressure	Not determined.
Vapour density	Not determined.
Relative density	1.35 - 1.45 @ 20°C
Bulk density	Not determined.
Solubility(ies)	Soluble in the following materials: Organic solvents.
Partition coefficient	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not determined.
Decomposition Temperature	Not determined.
Viscosity	Not determined.
Explosive properties	May form explosive mixtures with air.
Explosive under the influence of a flame	Not considered to be explosive.
Oxidising properties	Not determined.
Comments	Information given is applicable to the product as supplied.
9.2. Other information	
Other information	Soluble in most organic solvents.
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	activity
10.1. Reactivity	
Reactivity	The following materials may react with the product: Acids. Alkalis. Oxidising materials.
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Further information on correct storage: refer to Section 7.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions
Possibility of hazardous reactions	None under normal processing Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	

Conditions to avoid	Do not p heat or s	eat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with strong oxidising agents. pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to conditions to sources of ignition. Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the airborne ration exceeds 10 mg/m3. Avoid extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.	
10.5. Incompatible materials			
Materials to avoid	Strong o	oxidising agents.	
10.6. Hazardous decomposit	on product	is a second s	
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon	l decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Oxides of nitrogen. Acrid smoke or fumes. In fire and/or explosion, do not breaths fumes.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological in	nformation		
11.1. Information on toxicolog	gical effects	8	
Acute toxicity - oral			
ATE oral (mg/kg)	25,000.0		
Acute toxicity - dermal ATE dermal (mg/kg)	7 155 1 <sup>.</sup>	7,155.1102557	
<u>Acute toxicity - inhalation</u> ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l		52.63328442	
General information	precauti	duct is unlikely to harm health, given normal and proper handling and hygienic ons. Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to ent health problems.	
Inhalation	Harmful	by inhalation. Irritating to respiratory system.	
Ingestion	Irritating	. May cause nausea, stomach pain and vomiting.	
Skin contact	Harmful	in contact with skin. Irritating to skin.	
Eye contact	Harmful	in contact with eyes. Irritating to eyes.	
Route of entry	Inhalatio	on Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact Oral	
Additional Information:	For furth	ner information, please refer to Sections 4 and 8 respectively	
Toxicological information on i	ngredients	<u>-</u>	
		XYLENE	
Toxicological ef	fects	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. High vapour concentrations can cause headaches, dizziness and nausea.	
Acute toxicity - o	oral		
Acute toxicity or mg/kg)		4,300.0	
Species		Rat	

Acute toxicity - dermal Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub> 2,000.0 mg/kg)

Species	Rabbit
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	2,000.0
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)	11.0
Species	Rat
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	11.0
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal data	No information available.
Human skin model test	Irritating.
Serious eye damage/irritat	ion
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes eye irritation
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	There is no evidence that the product can cause respiratory hypersensitivity.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	No information available.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Negative.
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Negative.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	No evidence of carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.
Reproductive toxicity - development	No information available.
Specific target organ toxici	ty - single exposure
STOT - single exposure	Central and/or peripheral nervous system damage.
Target organs	Central nervous system Liver Kidneys
Specific target organ toxici	ty - repeated exposure
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.
Aspiration hazard	
Aspiration hazard	Aspiration hazard if swallowed.

General information	Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems.
Inhalation	Harmful by inhalation.
Ingestion	Irritating. May cause nausea, stomach pain and vomiting.
Skin contact	Harmful in contact with skin. Irritating to skin.
Eye contact	The product is irritating to eyes and skin.
Route of entry	Oral Skin and/or eye contact Inhalation Ingestion
Target organs	Central nervous system
Medical symptoms	Allergies. Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Headache. Fatigue. Dizziness.

### 2-BUTOXYETHYL ACETATE

Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	3,200.0
Species	Mouse
ATE oral (mg/kg)	3,200.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	1,500.0
Species	Rabbit
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	1,500.0
Serious eye damage/irritation	on
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes eye irritation
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	Irritating to respiratory system.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Irritating
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	No data available.
Genotoxicity - in vivo	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	No evidence of carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	No specific test data are available.

Reproductive toxicity - development	No information available.
Specific target organ toxicit	y - single exposure
STOT - single exposure	No specific test data are available.
Specific target organ toxicit	y - repeated exposure
STOT - repeated exposure	No specific test data are available.
Aspiration hazard	
Aspiration hazard	No information available.
General information	Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems.
Inhalation	Harmful by inhalation.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed.
Skin contact	Harmful in contact with skin.
Eye contact	Harmful in contact with eyes.
Route of entry	Inhalation Ingestion Skin and/or eye contact Oral
Target organs	Skin Eyes Respiratory system, lungs
	SOLVENT NAPHTHA, PETROLEUM; LIGHT AROMATIC
Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	5,051.0
Species	Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	5,051.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	4,001.0
Species	Rabbit
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	4,001.0
Serious eye damage/irritation	on
Serious eye damage/irritation	Not Irritating
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	There is no evidence that the product can cause respiratory hypersensitivity.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Not expected to be a skin sensitizer
Germ cell mutagenicity	

•		
Geno	toxicity - in vitro	Negative.
Geno	toxicity - in vivo	Negative.
Carcin	nogenicity	
Carcir	nogenicity	No evidence of carcinogenicity
Repro	ductive toxicity	
Repro fertility	ductive toxicity - /	No information available.
•	oductive toxicity - opment	No evidence of development toxicity
Speci	fic target organ toxicit	y - single exposure
STOT	- single exposure	No specific test data are available.
Speci	fic target organ toxicit	y - repeated exposure
STOT	- repeated exposure	No specific test data are available.
Aspira	ation hazard	
Aspira	ation hazard	No information available.
Gene	ral information	Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems.
Inhala	tion	Vapours may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause headache, dizziness and dullness.
Ingest	tion	Irritating. May cause nausea, stomach pain and vomiting.
Skin o	contact	Acts as a defatting agent on skin. May cause cracking of skin, and eczema.
Eye c	ontact	May cause eye and respiratory system irritation.
Route	of entry	Skin and/or eye contact Inhalation
Targe	t organs	Central nervous system
SECTION 12: Ecol	ogical Information	
12.1 Toxicity		

### 12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity	This product contains substances which are harmful to aquatic organisms. Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
12.2. Persistence and degrada	ability
Persistence and degradability	Solvent will evaporate, residue will not readily biodegrade. There are no data on the degradability of this product.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potentia	
Bioaccumulative potential	The product contains potentially bioaccumulating substances.
Partition coefficient	Not available.
12.4. Mobility in soil	

Mobility	The product is insoluble in water. Mobile liquid, solvent will evaporate leaving a semi-solid mass.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvE	3 assessment
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.
12.6. Other adverse effects	
Other adverse effects	Not known.
SECTION 13: Disposal consid	erations
13.1. Waste treatment method	S
General information	Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. The company encourages the recycle, recovery and reuse of materials, wherever possible.
Disposal methods	Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to local and national provisions. Dispose of waste via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.
SECTION 14: Transport inform	nation
General	To avoid the risk of spillage, always store and transport in a secure, upright position. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
14.1. UN number	
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1263
UN No. (IMDG)	1263
UN No. (ICAO)	1263
UN No. (ADN)	1263
14.2. UN proper shipping name	e
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	PAINT
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	PAINT
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	PAINT
Proper shipping name (ADN)	PAINT
14.3. Transport hazard class(e	ns)
ADR/RID class	3
ADR/RID classification code	F1
ADR/RID label	3
IMDG class	3
ICAO class/division	3

3

ADN class

### Transport labels



14.4. Packing group		
ADR/RID packing group	111	
IMDG packing group	III	
ADN packing group	III	
ICAO packing group		
14.5. Environmental hazards		
		,

#### Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

EmS	F-E, S-E
ADR transport category	3
Emergency Action Code	•3YE
Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)	33
Tunnel restriction code	(D/E)

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

National regulations	Petroleum (Consolidation) Act, as amended 1984 SI 1244.
	Highly Flammable Liquid Regulations 1972.
	Rivers (Prevention of Pollution) Act 1961.
	Control of Pollution (Special Waste) Regulations 1980 (as amended).
	Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended).
EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18
	December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).
	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16
	December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).
	Commission Directive 2000/39/EC of 8 June 2000 establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work (as amended).
	Commission Regulation (EU) No 453/2010 of 20 May 2010.

### Guidance

Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.
Introduction to Local Exhaust Ventilation HS(G)37.
CHIP for everyone HSG228.
Approved Classification and Labelling Guide (Sixth edition) L131.
Safety Data Sheets for Substances and Preparations.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information		
General information	Product to be used in industrial and/or professional applications.	
Issued by	BOD	
Revision date	27/02/2015	
Revision	0	
SDS number	11016	
Risk phrases in full	<ul> <li>R10 Flammable.</li> <li>R11 Highly flammable.</li> <li>R20/21 Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.</li> <li>R23/24/25 Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.</li> <li>R37 Irritating to respiratory system.</li> <li>R37/38 Irritating to respiratory system and skin.</li> <li>R38 Irritating to skin.</li> <li>R39/23/24/25 Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.</li> <li>R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.</li> <li>R43 May cause sensitisation by skin contact.</li> <li>R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.</li> <li>R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.</li> <li>R52/53 Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.</li> <li>R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.</li> <li>R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.</li> <li>R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.</li> </ul>	

Hazard statements in full	<ul> <li>EUH208 Contains LIMONENE. May produce an allergic reaction.</li> <li>H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> <li>H312 Harmful in contact with skin.</li> <li>H315 Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H318 Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>H332 Harmful if inhaled.</li> <li>H335 May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H340 May cause genetic defects.</li> <li>H350 May cause cancer.</li> <li>H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.</li> <li>H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
	H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product should not be used for the purposes other than those shown in Section 1 without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. As the specific conditions of use of the product are outside the supplier's control, the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant legislation are complied with. This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.