



SAFETY DATA SHEET QD ANTI CORROSION PRIMER

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 453/2010, According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking		
1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	QD ANTI CORROSION PRIMER	
Product number	0098-0020	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Identified uses	Paint.	
1.3. Details of the supplier of the	ne safety data sheet	
Supplier	Dacrylate Paints Ltd, Lime Street, Kirkby-in-Ashfield Nottingham NG17 8AL Tel: +44 (0) 1623-753845 Fax: +44 (0) 1623-757151	
Contact person		
1.4. Emergency telephone nur	nber	
National emergency telephone number	+44 (0) 1623 753845 08:30-17:00 MON-FRI	
SECTION 2: Hazards identifica	ation	
2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture		
	ance or mixture	
Classification		
Classification Physical hazards	Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	
Physical hazards	Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	
Physical hazards Health hazards Environmental hazards	Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Carc. 2 - H351 STOT SE 3 - H335	
Physical hazards Health hazards Environmental hazards Classification (67/548/EEC or	Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Carc. 2 - H351 STOT SE 3 - H335 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412	
Physical hazards Health hazards Environmental hazards Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Carc. 2 - H351 STOT SE 3 - H335 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412 Xn;R20/21. Xi;R38. R10,R52/53. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process	
Physical hazards Health hazards Environmental hazards Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Human health	Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Carc. 2 - H351 STOT SE 3 - H335 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412 Xn;R20/21. Xi;R38. R10,R52/53. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.	

Pictogram





Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	 P261 Avoid breathing vapour/spray. P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish. P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.
Contains	XYLENE , 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE, MESITYLENE, ETHYL METHYL KETOXIME
Supplementary precautionary statements	 P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment. P242 Use only non-sparking tools. P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label). P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P332+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P332+P333 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

XYLENE		30-60%
CAS number: 1330-20-7	EC number: 215-535-7	
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) R10 Xn;R20/21 Xi;R38	
SOLVENT NAPHTHA, PETROLEUM; CAS number: 64742-88-7	LIGHT AROMATIC	5-10%
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Muta. 1A - H340 Carc. 1A - H350 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Xn;R65. Xi;R37. N;R51/53. R10.	
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE CAS number: 95-63-6	EC number: 202-436-9	5-10%
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H335 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) R10 Xn;R20 Xi;R36/37/38 N;R51/53	
MESITYLENE CAS number: 108-67-8	EC number: 203-604-4	1-5%
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 STOT SE 3 - H335 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) R10 Xi;R37 N;R51/53	
2-BUTOXYETHANOL CAS number: 111-76-2	EC number: 203-905-0	1-5%
Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Xn;R20/21/22 Xi;R36/38	

ISO-BUTANOL		<1%
CAS number: 78-83-1	EC number: 201-148-0	
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT SE 3 - H335	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) R10 Xi;R37/38,R41 R67	
ETHYLBENZENE		<1%
CAS number: 100-41-4	EC number: 202-849-4	
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H335 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) F;R11 Xn;R20	
CUMENE		<1%
CAS number: 98-82-8	EC number: 202-704-5	
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Acute Tox. 4 - H302 STOT SE 3 - H335 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) R10 Xn;R65 Xi;R37 N;R51/53	
DE-AROMATISED KEROSENE		<1%
CAS number: 64742-48-9	EC number: 265-150-3	
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Muta. 1A - H340 Carc. 1A - H350 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Xn;R65.	

ETHYL METHYL KETOXIM	E <1%		
CAS number: 96-29-7	EC number: 202-496-6		
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Carc. 2 - H351	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Carc. Cat. 3;R40 Xn;R21 R43 Xi;R41		
COBALT CARBOXYLATE	<1%		
CAS number: 13586-82-8			
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Skin Sens. 1B - H317 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Xi;R38. R43.		
WHITE SPIRIT	<1%		
CAS number: 64742-88-7	EC number: 265-191-7		
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 STOT RE 1 - H372 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Xn;R65. N;R51/53. R10.		
STRONTIUM CARBOXYLA	TE <1%		
CAS number: 2457-02-5			
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Xi;R38.		
The Full Text for all R-Phrase	The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.		
SECTION 4: First aid measu	res		
4.1. Description of first aid m	4.1. Description of first aid measures		
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary depending on the concentration and the length of exposure. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.		
Inhalation	Get medical attention. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention. Symptoms of lung oedema (shortness of breath) may develop up to 24 hours after exposure. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.		
Ingestion	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water		

IngestionRemove affected person from source of contamination. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Give plenty of water to drink. DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing. Use barrier creams to prevent skin contact. Remove contaminated clothing and rinse skin thoroughly with water.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists after washing. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. May cause nausea, stomach paint and vomiting.
Skin contact	Skin irritation. May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.
Eye contact	May cause severe eye irritation.
4.3. Indication of any immediate	e medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes for the doctor	No specific recommendation given, but first aid may still be required in case of accidental exposure, inhalation or ingestion of this chemical. If in doubt, GET MEDICAL ATTENTION PROMPTLY! In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
SECTION 5: Firefighting measu	Jres
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire. Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.
Lineuitable ovtinguishing	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
media	
media 5.2. Special hazards arising fro	The substance or mixture Vapours are heavier than air and may travel along the floor and accumulate in the bottom of containers. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. If a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the
media 5.2. Special hazards arising fro Specific hazards Hazardous combustion	The substance or mixture Vapours are heavier than air and may travel along the floor and accumulate in the bottom of containers. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. If a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst with the risk of subsequent explosion. The product is flammable. In case of fire, toxic gases (CO, CO2, NOx) may be formed. Acrid smoke or fumes. Other pyrolysis products typical of burning an organic material. Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the airborne concentration exceeds 10 mg/m3. In the event of a fire
media 5.2. Special hazards arising fro Specific hazards Hazardous combustion products	The substance or mixture Vapours are heavier than air and may travel along the floor and accumulate in the bottom of containers. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. If a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst with the risk of subsequent explosion. The product is flammable. In case of fire, toxic gases (CO, CO2, NOx) may be formed. Acrid smoke or fumes. Other pyrolysis products typical of burning an organic material. Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the airborne concentration exceeds 10 mg/m3. In the event of a fire

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Take care as floors and other surfaces may become slippery. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Where anti slip aggregates, powders or similar are added/post added to a paint, the potential for the generation of respirable dust during handling and use can occur. In such cases, occupational exposures to respirable dust should be monitored and controlled. In the case of exposure to prolonged or high levels of air borne dust, wear a personal respirator in compliance with national legislation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage.
For non-emergency personnel	Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear suitable respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering.
For emergency responders	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2. Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions	Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.
6.3. Methods and material for o	ontainment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. If involved in a fire, shut off flow if it can be done without risk. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Small Spillages: Absorb small quantities with paper towels and evaporate in a safe place. Large Spillages: Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Ensure that waste and contaminated materials are collected and removed from the work area as soon as possible in a suitably labelled container. The accumulation of contaminated rags and application cloths may result in spontaneous combustion. This is particularly important in the case of products containing a high level of drying oils such as teak oil, linseed oil etc. Good housekeeping standards and regular safe removal of waste materials will minimise the risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards.
6.4. Reference to other section	S
Reference to other sections	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see section 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. All handling should only take place in well-ventilated areas. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented. Dust may form explosive mixture with air. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Storage tanks and other containers must be earthed. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Paints based on pitch, coal tar, high temp (CAS 65996-93-2) may cause sensitivity to sunlight. To reduce sun sensitivity, a sun blocking lotion (SPE 15+) can also be applied prior to application of a protective cream.

Advice on general occupational hygiene	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash promptly with soap and water if skin becomes contaminated. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Use appropriate hand lotion to prevent defatting and cracking of skin.	
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		
Storage precautions	Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep away from oxidising materials, heat and flames. Paints containing aluminium must not get in contact with water during storage. Exercise caution when opening to allow pressure release. Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Avoid/separate from strong acids, alkalis, oxidising and reducing agents. Observe the label precautions. Store at temperatures between 5°C and 35°C (32 to 95°F).	
Storage class	Flammable liquid storage.	
7.3. Specific end use(s)		
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2. Restricted to professional users.	

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

XYLENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm(Sk) 220 mg/m3(Sk) Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm(Sk) 441 mg/m3(Sk)

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 25 ppm(Sk) Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 50 ppm(Sk)

ISO-BUTANOL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 154 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 75 ppm 231 mg/m³

ETHYLBENZENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 ppm(Sk) 441 mg/m3(Sk) Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 125 ppm(Sk) 552 mg/m3(Sk)

CUMENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 25 ppm(Sk) 125 mg/m3(Sk) Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 50 ppm(Sk) 250 mg/m3(Sk)

WHITE SPIRIT

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 350 mg/m3(Sk)

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

Ingredient comments WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

XYLENE (CAS: 1330-20-7)

DNEL

- Inhalation; Short term : 442 mg/m³

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment





Note:	When spraying, the use of a suitable/approved respirator is advised.
Appropriate engineering controls	No specific ventilation requirements noted, but forced ventilation may still be required if air contamination exceeds acceptable level.
Personal protection	Advice on personal protection is applicable for high exposure levels. Select proper personal protection based on a risk assessment of the actual exposure scenario.
Eye/face protection	The following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles. Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374.
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent skin contamination. Use barrier creams to prevent skin contact.
Hygiene measures	Use engineering controls to reduce air contamination to permissible exposure level. Provide eyewash station. Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated.
Respiratory protection	If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid.
Colour	Red-brown.
Odour	Characteristic/of solvents
Odour threshold	Not determined.
рН	Not relevant.
Melting point	Not determined.
Initial boiling point and range	Not determined.
Flash point	24°C CC (Closed cup).
Evaporation rate	Not determined.
Evaporation factor	Not determined.

Flammability (solid, gas)	No specific test data are available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower flammable/explosive limit: 0.8% Upper flammable/explosive limit: 8%
Other flammability	Not known.
Vapour pressure	Not determined.
Vapour density	Not determined.
Relative density	1.10 - 1.30 @ 20°C
Bulk density	Not determined.
Solubility(ies)	Soluble in the following materials: Organic solvents.
Partition coefficient	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not determined.
Decomposition Temperature	Not determined.
Viscosity	Not determined.
Explosive properties	May form explosive mixtures with air.
Explosive under the influence of a flame	Not considered to be explosive.
Oxidising properties	Not determined.
Comments	Information given is applicable to the product as supplied.
9.2. Other information	
9.2. Other information Other information	Soluble in most organic solvents.
	-
Other information	-
Other information SECTION 10: Stability and rea	-
Other information SECTION 10: Stability and rea 10.1. Reactivity	activity
Other information SECTION 10: Stability and rea 10.1. Reactivity Reactivity	activity
Other information SECTION 10: Stability and rea 10.1. Reactivity Reactivity 10.2. Chemical stability	Activity The following materials may react with the product: Acids. Alkalis. Oxidising materials. Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Further information on correct storage: refer to Section 7.
Other information SECTION 10: Stability and rea 10.1. Reactivity Reactivity 10.2. Chemical stability Stability	Activity The following materials may react with the product: Acids. Alkalis. Oxidising materials. Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Further information on correct storage: refer to Section 7.
Other information SECTION 10: Stability and rea 10.1. Reactivity Reactivity 10.2. Chemical stability Stability 10.3. Possibility of hazardous Possibility of hazardous	Activity The following materials may react with the product: Acids. Alkalis. Oxidising materials. Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Further information on correct storage: refer to Section 7. reactions
Other information SECTION 10: Stability and reading 10.1. Reactivity Reactivity 10.2. Chemical stability Stability 10.3. Possibility of hazardous Possibility of hazardous reactions	Activity The following materials may react with the product: Acids. Alkalis. Oxidising materials. Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Further information on correct storage: refer to Section 7. reactions
Other information SECTION 10: Stability and read 10.1. Reactivity Reactivity 10.2. Chemical stability Stability 10.3. Possibility of hazardous Possibility of hazardous reactions 10.4. Conditions to avoid	Activity The following materials may react with the product: Acids. Alkalis. Oxidising materials. Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Further information on correct storage: refer to Section 7. reactions None under normal processing Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with strong oxidising agents. Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to conditions to heat or sources of ignition. Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the airborne
Other information SECTION 10: Stability and read 10.1. Reactivity Reactivity 10.2. Chemical stability Stability 10.3. Possibility of hazardous Possibility of hazardous reactions 10.4. Conditions to avoid Conditions to avoid	Activity The following materials may react with the product: Acids. Alkalis. Oxidising materials. Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Further information on correct storage: refer to Section 7. reactions None under normal processing Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with strong oxidising agents. Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to conditions to heat or sources of ignition. Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the airborne

Hazardous decomposition products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Oxides of nitrogen. Acrid smoke or fumes. In case of fire and/or explosion, do not breaths fumes.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological information		
11.1. Information on toxicological effects		
Acute toxicity - oral		
ATE oral (mg/kg)	4,374.45319335	
Acute toxicity - dermal		
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	4,306.96945967	
Acute toxicity - inhalation		
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	20.95617302	
General information	This product is unlikely to harm health, given normal and proper handling and hygienic precautions. Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems.	
Inhalation	Harmful by inhalation. Irritating to respiratory system.	
Ingestion	Irritating. May cause nausea, stomach pain and vomiting.	
Skin contact	Harmful in contact with skin. Irritating to skin.	
Eye contact	Harmful in contact with eyes. Irritating to eyes.	
Route of entry	Inhalation Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact Oral	
Additional Information:	For further information, please refer to Sections 4 and 8 respectively	

Toxicological information on ingredients.

XYLENE

Toxicological effects	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. High vapour concentrations can cause headaches, dizziness and nausea.
Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	4,300.0
Species	Rat
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	2,000.0
Species	Rabbit
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	2,000.0
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)	11.0
Species	Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	11.0
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal data	No information available.
Human skin model test	Irritating.
Serious eye damage/irritati	ion
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes eye irritation
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	There is no evidence that the product can cause respiratory hypersensitivity.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	No information available.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Negative.
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Negative.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	No evidence of carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.
Reproductive toxicity - development	No information available.
Specific target organ toxicit	ty - single exposure
STOT - single exposure	Central and/or peripheral nervous system damage.
Target organs	Central nervous system Liver Kidneys
Specific target organ toxici	ty - repeated exposure
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.
Aspiration hazard	
Aspiration hazard	Aspiration hazard if swallowed.
General information	Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems.
Inhalation	Harmful by inhalation.
Ingestion	Irritating. May cause nausea, stomach pain and vomiting.
Skin contact	Harmful in contact with skin. Irritating to skin.
Eye contact	The product is irritating to eyes and skin.

Route of entry	Oral Skin and/or eye contact Inhalation Ingestion		
Target organs	Central nervous system		
Medical symptoms	Allergies. Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Headache. Fatigue. Dizziness.		
	SOLVENT NAPHTHA, PETROLEUM; LIGHT AROMATIC		
Acute toxicity - oral			
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	5,051.0		
Species	Rat		
ATE oral (mg/kg)	5,051.0		
Acute toxicity - dermal			
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	4,001.0		
Species	Rabbit		
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	4,001.0		
Serious eye damage/irritation			
Serious eye damage/irritation	Not Irritating		
Respiratory sensitisation			
Respiratory sensitisation	There is no evidence that the product can cause respiratory hypersensitivity.		
Skin sensitisation			
Skin sensitisation	Not expected to be a skin sensitizer		
Germ cell mutagenicity			
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Negative.		
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Negative.		
Carcinogenicity			
Carcinogenicity	No evidence of carcinogenicity		
Reproductive toxicity			
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	No information available.		
Reproductive toxicity - development	No evidence of development toxicity		
Specific target organ toxicit	y - single exposure		
STOT - single exposure	No specific test data are available.		
Specific target organ toxicit	y - repeated exposure		
STOT - repeated exposure	No specific test data are available.		
Aspiration hazard			

Aspiration hazard	No information available.
General information	Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems.
Inhalation	Vapours may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause headache, dizziness and dullness.
Ingestion	Irritating. May cause nausea, stomach pain and vomiting.
Skin contact	Acts as a defatting agent on skin. May cause cracking of skin, and eczema.
Eye contact	May cause eye and respiratory system irritation.
Route of entry	Skin and/or eye contact Inhalation
Target organs	Central nervous system

1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE

Acute toxicity - oral		
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	6,900.0	
Species	Mouse	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	6,900.0	
Serious eye damage/irritati	on	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes eye irritation	
Respiratory sensitisation		
Respiratory sensitisation	No specific test data are available.	
Skin sensitisation		
Skin sensitisation	Irritating	
Germ cell mutagenicity		
Genotoxicity - in vitro	No data available.	
Genotoxicity - in vivo	No data available.	
Carcinogenicity		
Carcinogenicity	No information available.	
Reproductive toxicity		
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	No information available.	
Reproductive toxicity - development	No information available.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure		

STOT - single exposure No information available.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure			
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.		
Aspiration hazard			
Aspiration hazard	No information available.		
General information	Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems.		
Inhalation	Harmful by inhalation.		
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed.		
Skin contact	Irritating to skin.		
Eye contact	Harmful in contact with eyes.		
Route of entry	Inhalation Ingestion Skin and/or eye contact Oral		
	2-BUTOXYETHANOL		
Toxicological effects	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. High vapour concentrations can cause headaches, dizziness and nausea.		
Acute toxicity - oral			
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	2,000.0		
Species	Rat		
ATE oral (mg/kg)	2,000.0		
Acute toxicity - inhalation			
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅ vapours mg/l)	20.0		
Species	Rat		
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	20.0		
Serious eye damage/irritati	on		
Serious eye damage/irritation	Slightly irritating.		
Respiratory sensitisation			
Respiratory sensitisation	Irritating to respiratory system.		
Skin sensitisation			
Skin sensitisation	No information available.		
Germ cell mutagenicity			
Genotoxicity - in vitro	No data available.		

Genotoxicity - in vivo	No data available.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	Data lacking.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	No information available.
Reproductive toxicity - development	No information available.
Specific target organ toxicit	y - single exposure
STOT - single exposure	No information available.
Target organs	Brain Mucous membranes Respiratory system, lungs
Specific target organ toxicit	y - repeated exposure
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.
Target organs	Brain Respiratory system, lungs Mucous membranes
Aspiration hazard	
Aspiration hazard	No information available.
General information	Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems.
Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed.
Skin contact	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness and cracking.
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes.
Route of entry	Inhalation Ingestion
Target organs	Brain Respiratory system, lungs Mucous membranes
Medical symptoms	Skin irritation. Dry skin. Fatigue. Allergies.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecological information on ingredients.

1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE

Toxicity	This product contains substances which are harmful to aquatic organisms. Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
Acute toxicity - fish	, LC50 96 hours 77.2 mg/lt (Flathead Minnow) : LC50 96 hours 8.6 mg/lt (Jananese medaka 9Oryzias latipes)) ,
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	, LC50 50 mg/lt (Water flea - Daphnia magna)) : EC50 24 huurs (static) 50 mg/lt (Water flea - Daphnia magna)) ,

	Acute toxicity - a plants	quatic	, EC50 48 hours 25 mg/lt (Alga - Scenedesmus sp.):,	
Acute toxicity - microorganisms			No information available.	
	Acute toxicity - te	errestrial	No information available.	
			MESITYLENE	
	Toxicity		This product contains substances which are harmful to aquatic organisms. Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.	
	Acute toxicity - fi	sh	, LC50 96 hours 3.48 mg/lt (Flathead Minnow) : LC 50 96 hours 12.5 - 13 mg/lt (Goldfish) ,	
	Acute toxicity - a invertebrates	quatic	, EC650 72 hours 50 mg/lt (Water flea Daphnia):,	
	Acute toxicity - a plants	quatic	No information available.	
Acute toxicity - microorganisms			No information available.	
	Acute toxicity - te	errestrial	, LC50 72 hours 13.7 mg/lt(Goldfish - unspecified): ,	
12.2. Persistence and degradability				
Persistence and degradability Solvent will evaporate, residue will not readily biodegrade. There are no data on the degradability of this product.				
Ecological i	Ecological information on ingredients.			
	1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE			
	Persistence and degradability		No data available.	
	Biodegradation		No data available.	
MESITYLENE		MESITYLENE		
	Persistence and degradability		The product is not readily biodegradable.	
	Biodegradation		Not readily biodegradable.	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential				
Bioaccumul	ative potential	The prod	luct contains potentially bioaccumulating substances.	
Partition co	efficient	Not avail	lable.	
Ecological i	nformation on ingr	edients.		
	1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE			
	Bioaccumulative	potential	No data available on bioaccumulation	

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

MESITYLENE

Bioaccumulative potential Low potential for bioaccumulation.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility

The product is insoluble in water. Mobile liquid, solvent will evaporate leaving a semi-solid mass.

Ecological information on ingredients.

1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE

Mobility

No information available.

MESITYLENE

Mobility

No information available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. assessment

Ecological information on ingredients.

1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE

Results of PBT and vPvB No data available. assessment

MESITYLENE

Results of PBT and vPvB This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Not known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information	Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. The company encourages the recycle, recovery and reuse of materials, wherever possible.		
Disposal methods	Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to local and national provisions. Dispose of waste via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.		
SECTION 14: Transport i	nformation		
General	To avoid the risk of spillage, always store and transport in a secure, upright position. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.		
14.1. UN number			
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1263		

UN No. (IMDG)	1263			
UN No. (ICAO)	1263			
UN No. (ADN)	1263			
14.2. UN proper shipping name)			
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	PAINT			
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	PAINT			
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	PAINT			
Proper shipping name (ADN)	PAINT			
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)				
ADR/RID class	3			
ADR/RID classification code	F1			
ADR/RID classification code ADR/RID label	F1 3			
ADR/RID label	3			

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group		
ADR/RID packing group	Ш	
IMDG packing group	Ш	
ADN packing group	Ш	
ICAO packing group	Ш	

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

14.6.	Special	precautions	for user

• •		
EmS	F-E, S-E	
ADR transport category	3	
Emergency Action Code	•3YE	
Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)	33	
Tunnel restriction code	(D/E)	
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code		

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture		
National regulations	Petroleum (Consolidation) Act, as amended 1984 SI 1244.	
	Highly Flammable Liquid Regulations 1972.	
	Rivers (Prevention of Pollution) Act 1961.	
	Control of Pollution (Special Waste) Regulations 1980 (as amended).	
	Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended).	
EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18	
	December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of	
	Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).	
	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16	
	December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).	
	Commission Directive 2000/39/EC of 8 June 2000 establishing a first list of indicative	
	occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC on the	
	protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work (as amended).	
	Commission Regulation (EU) No 453/2010 of 20 May 2010.	
Guidance	Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.	
	Introduction to Local Exhaust Ventilation HS(G)37.	
	CHIP for everyone HSG228.	
	Approved Classification and Labelling Guide (Sixth edition) L131.	
	Safety Data Sheets for Substances and Preparations.	

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information		
General information	Product to be used in industrial and/or professional applications.	
Issued by	BOD	
Revision date	09/03/2015	
Revision	0	
SDS number	10249	

Risk phrases in full	 R10 Flammable. R11 Highly flammable. R20 Harmful by inhalation. R20/21 Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin. R20/21/22 Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. R21 Harmful in contact with skin. R23/24/25 Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. R36/38 Irritating to respiratory system. R37/38 Irritating to respiratory system and skin. R37/38 Irritating to respiratory system and skin. R38 Irritating to respiratory system. R39/23/24/25 Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. R40 Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect. R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes. R43 May cause sensitisation by skin contact. R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. R52/53 Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Hazard statements in full	 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H340 May cause genetic defects. H350 May cause cancer. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product should not be used for the purposes other than those shown in Section 1 without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. As the specific conditions of use of the product are outside the supplier's control, the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant legislation are complied with. This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.